National Programme for Control of Blindness	70.00
National Malaria Eradication Programme	200.00

However, no specific funds are earmarked for achievement of the goals of Health for All which are dependent on various factors including nutrition, literacy, safe drinking water, sanitation etc. The implementation of health and family welfare programme are carried out through resources allocated to the States directly by the Planning Commission. The Central Government has launched several National Programmes to augment the work being done by the States.

Treatment of AIDS Patients

1745. SHRI RAHASBIHARI BARIK: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have detected any HIV positive cases in Delhi and other Northern State during the last one year;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the arrangements made for proper treatment of those cases?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The number of HIV positives delected in Delhi and other Northern States as reported to National AIDS Control Organisation during last one year are as follows:

S. No.	State	HIV-hves
1.	Delhi	223
2.	Punjab/Chandig'arh	61
3.	Haryana	69
4.	Himachal Pradesh	21
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	14
6.	Rajasthan	163
7.	Uttar Pradesh	136

(c) All HIV Positives and AIDS cases are treated like other Patients in Government Hospitals without any discrimination, including the Indoor facilities by adopting universal bio-safety precautions. Government of India have identified 36 State Physician Responsible for AIDS Management, for diagnosis and treatment of referred AIDS cases. Both government and Private Physicians are being trained in the diagnosis and Clinical management of AIDS cases.

Treatment of blood cancer through metal therapy

1746. SHRI S.M. KRISHNA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether treatment of blood cancer in Ayurvedic system through metal therapy is available in the country; if so, the details thereof;

(b) what are the details of the formulation for treatment;

(c) whether it is a fact that a request from one Shri Bhalendu Vaidya for recognition of his formulation for metal therapy is pending in Ministry of Health and Family Welfare for the last ten years;

(d) whether two central teams have studied and analysed the feasibility of cancer treatment through Vaidya's formu lation, if so, what were the findings of these teams; and

(c) what are the bottlenecks in recognising Vaidya's formulation and by when it would be recognised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) to (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the tabic of the House.

Denying admissions to serious patients in hospitals

1747. SHRI S.M. KRISHNA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to .state:

(a) whether it is a fact that hospitals in Delhi, including private hospitals, arc denying admission to serious patients,

due to non-availability of beds as reported in the Hindustan Times, dated the 18th July, 1997;

(b) whether Government have formu lated some guidelines for compliance by hospital authorities not to deny admis sions in serious cases, if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what action Government would take to ensure that the guidelines for admission are strictly followed by hospi tals and stern action is taken against those denying admission?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) The hospitals/ Nursing Homes named in the News Item have been asked by the Govt, of NCT of Delhi to explain the circumstances for not admitting the patient on the said date.

(b) As per directions of Hon'ble Supreme Court, instructions have been issued by the Central Govt, to all State Govts. Central Govt. Hospitals and by the Govt, of NCT of Delhi to all hospitals including private hospitals in the National Capital not to deney deny admission to victims of road accidents brought to their hospitals and provide them necessary treatment irrespective of it being a medico legal case or not.

(c) Action would be taken as per rules.

Outbreak of Jaundice and Conjuctivitis in Delhi

1748. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PAT-NAIK: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the outbreak of jaundice and conjunctivitis in several parts of Delhi;

(b) if so, the various cases of their outbreak; and

(c) the steps taken to provide adequate treatment to patients suffering from these diseases?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The main source of Jaundice outbreak is Hepatitis-'E' virus which is spread through water and exposed food. Conjuctivitus in epidemic form is also generally of viral orgin.

(c) Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi have informed that adequate facilities exist in the Government hospitals for treatment of patients suffering from these disease. The public arc also informed of the preventive steps through electronic and print media.

Extension of CGHS facility to the employees of Kendriya Vidyalayas Sangathan

1749. SHRI GOVIND RAM MIRI:
SHRI SHIV CHARAN SINGH:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare has since been approached by the Ministry of Human Resource Development to extend CGHS facilities to the employees of Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan.

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the reaction of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) to (c) Yes, Sir. The Serving employees of the Kendriya Vidhyalaya Sangathan is already covered for getting the medical benefits under Central Government Health Scheme. The request for extension for these facility to the retired employees is not possible